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Taking a Fourth-Right Approach: Using Systematic Benchmarking to Guide the Management of Service Utilization

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Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- □ Case Management and Care Coordination
- □ Benchmarking and Utilization Review
- □ Tool Kit Samples: Trinity Health PACE
- □ Case Study Example: Kissito PACE
- □ Questions & Discussion

Learning Objectives

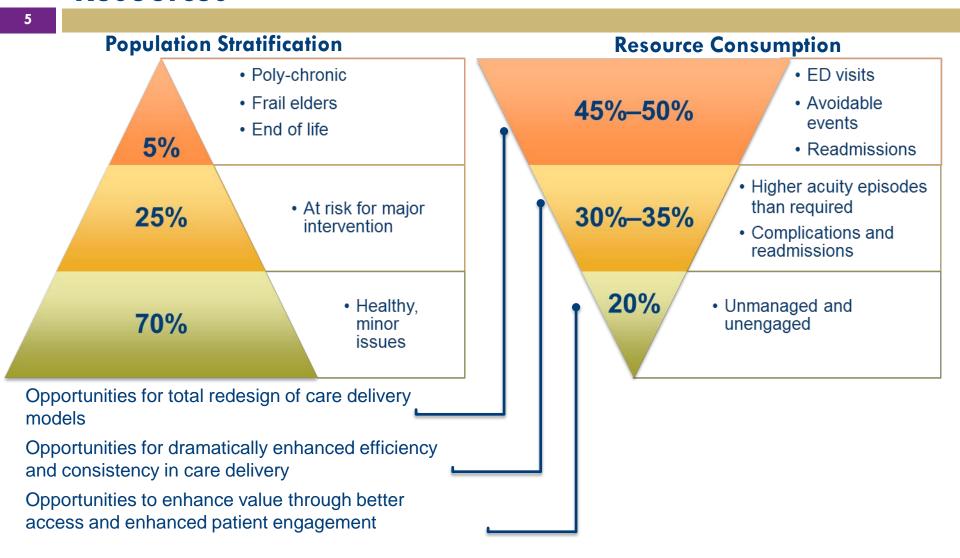
- Identify the "four rights" of care management and their application in the PACE setting
- Describe how to implement tracking of performance for internal and/or external benchmarking purposes
- Identify 2 areas where uniform tools can help to guide decision making relating to service utilization

PACE Case Management and Care Coordination

Standards of Practice for Case Management

- Case management is a collaborative process of assessment, planning, facilitation, and advocacy for options and services to meet an individual's and family's comprehensive health needs through communication and available resources to promote quality cost-effective outcomes
- It is the philosophy of case management that when health care is appropriately and efficiently provided, all parties benefit

Learning from Others: Population-Based Manager Focus on Top 5% of Population That Uses 50% of Resources



Effective Care Redesign Is Essential to the Management of Service Utilization

PACE Risk Management Strategies

- Revised hospital procedures
- Transitions management: acute, post-acute, and community
- Coordination with primary and specialty care
- Readmissions prevention
- Risk stratification
- Patient activation, teaching, and self-care
- Medication reconciliation
- Telehealth



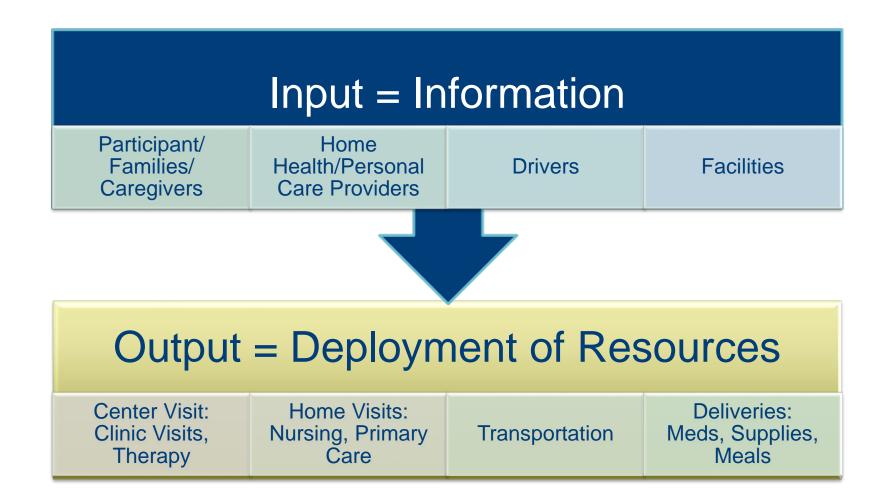
Defining the Problem for PACE Participants Beyond Financial Obligations

Negative affects of hospitalization for frail seniors include but are not limited to:

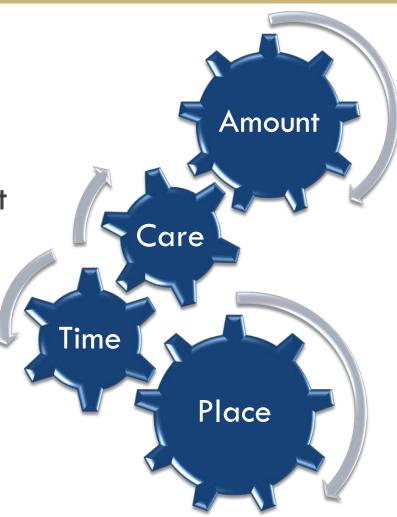
- □ Development or worsening of pressure sores
- □ Weight loss
- □ Increased delirium
- □ Loss of functional abilities
- □ Exposure to serious infections



PACE Center Triage



- 1. Right Care
- 2. Right Time
- 3. Right Place
- 4.and in the Right Amount



The Balancing Act

- Wants and needs of participant and family
- Individualized care plans
- Creativity of individualIDT members

- Appropriate utilization of necessary services
- Uniform tools that guide decision making
- Stewardship of resources



Balancing Services and Dollars

• Home Health

Day Center



What Is the Right Amount?

How do you make this determination?

- □ Benchmarking comparisons
 - High-level ballpark measure
- □ Re-evaluation and right-sizing
 - 30-day review of new participant care plan
- □ Look-back analysis
 - Trending and pareto charts can lead to new insights



"In God we trust.

All others must bring data."

- Dr. W. Edwards Deming

Benchmarking and Utilization Review

Operational and Utilization Review Key to PACE Oversight

- Creating a monthly snapshot of operational indicators is key to effective PACE oversight
- Looking at several key areas allows operations to quickly view trends, make comparisons to budget, and address issues sooner than later

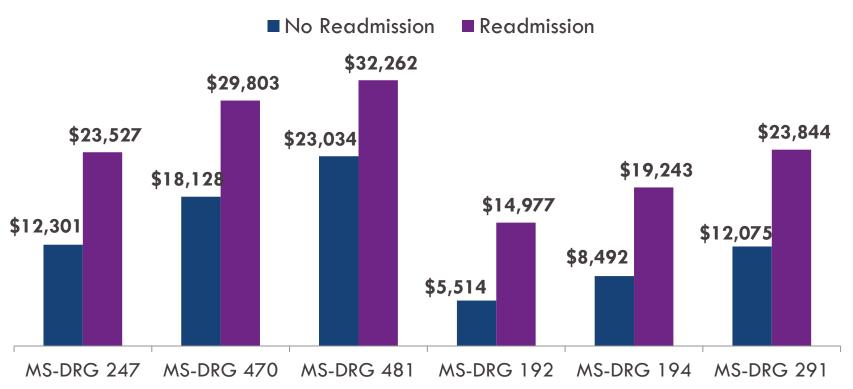
Complex Work Requires a Team Approach

- □ Create your team
 - Determine your formal and informal leaders
- Establish how often, when, and where to meet
 - Make attendance a priority, especially for your direct care providers
- Decide what data you will review and how often
- ☐ Find ways to publish successes



Controlling Readmissions Is Key to Success in the Full Risk (Payment) PACE Environment

Cost of 30-Day Fixed Length Episode With and Without Readmission



DRG 247: Percutaneous cardiovascular procedure with drug-eluting stent w/MCC

DRG 470: Major joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity w/o MCC

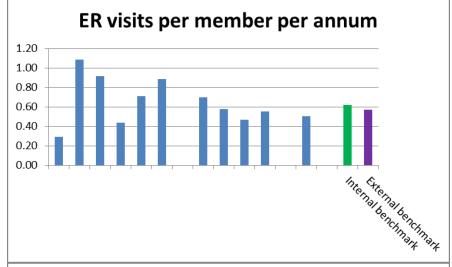
DRG 481: Hip and femur procedures except major joint w/CC

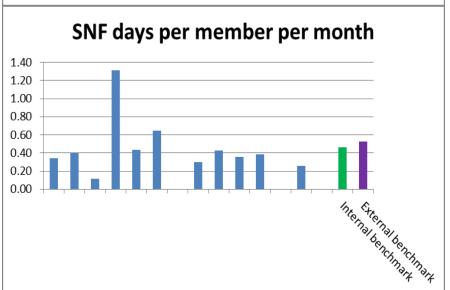
DRG 192: Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease w/o CC/MCC

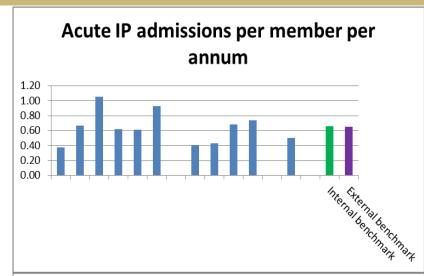
DRG 194: Simple pneumonia and pleurisy w/CC

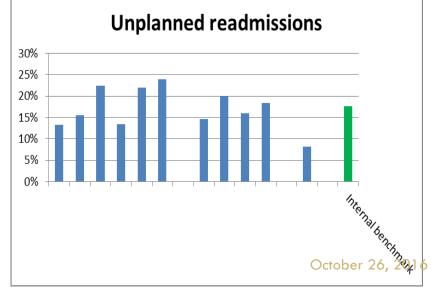
DRG 291: Heart failure and shock w/MCC

Internal/System Level Benchmarking Enables Identification of Areas of Opportunity and Best Practice









Operational and Utilization Review Key Components

Revenue Drivers

- Participant enrollment and growth
- Disenrollments including reasons

Expense Drivers

- □ Nursing home utilization
- □ Assisted living utilization
- Hospitalizations
- Pharmacy costs in comparison to bid
- Total operating expenses
- Overtime hours

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Total Enrollments

	July	August	September	October	November
Participant Totals	602	612	617	622	624
Participant Budget	591	593	595	597	599
New Enrollments	15	14	11	10	10
Dual Eligible Enrollees	9	12	9	6	7
% Dual Eligible	60%	85.7%	81.8%	60%	70%
Enrollment Goal	10	10	10	10	10

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Total Disenrollments Including Reasons

	July	August	September	October	November
Disenrollments	4	6	5	8	9
Disenrollment Budget	8	8	8	8	8
Reasons for Disenrollment					
Leaving service area	1	0	0	2	1
Prefers own physician	0	0	0	1	1
Accessing out of network	1	1	0	0	1
Involuntary/non-compliant	0	0	0	0	0
LOC	0	0	0	0	1
Death	2	4	4	4	4
Other	0	1	1	1	1 October 26, 2016

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Nursing Home Utilization

	July	August	September	October	November
Short-term NH Days	265	368	416	296	329
Long-term NH Days	513	555	551	670	662
Total NH Days	778	923	967	966	991
% Capitated Days (Budget)	4.17%	4.87%	5.22%	5.01%	5.29%
% Capitated Days (PACE)	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Short-term NH Patients	22	27	23	21	20
Long-term NH Patients	17	19	19	23	12
Total NH Patients	39	46	42	44	43
Short-term NH Avg. LOS	12.05	13.63	18.09	14.10	16.45

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Assisted Living Utilization

	July	August	September	October	November
Total AL Days	682	637	631	713	690
% of Capitated Days	3.65%	3.36%	3.41%	3.70%	3.69%
Budget % of Capitated Days	3.33%	3.33%	3.44%	3.70%	3.69%
PACE % of Capitated Days	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Total AL Participants	22	21	23	23	24

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Hospitalizations

	July	August	September	October	November
Hospital Admits	25	31	35	23	42
% Hospitalized	4.15%	5.07%	5.67%	3.70%	6.73%
Average LOS	4.94	4.31	5.82	5.03	5.13
Re-admit < 30 Days	5	9	8	4	13
% Re-admits	20%	29%	23%	17%	31%
Total Hospital Days	79	112	192	146	123
ER Visits	29	34	28	27	27
% ER Visits	5%	6%	5%	4%	4%

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Pharmacy Expenses in Comparison to Bid

	July	August	September	October	November
In-house Prescriptions	\$424.91	\$422.06	\$405.01	\$411.69	\$406.86
NH/Specialty Prescriptions	\$51.60	\$86.19	\$61.33	\$72.11	\$54.06
Total Prescriptions PMPM	\$476.51	\$508.25	\$466.34	\$483.80	\$460.91
Bid PMPM	\$461.28	\$461.28	\$461.28	\$461.28	\$461.28

Utilization Review Key Component Examples: Total Operating Expenses

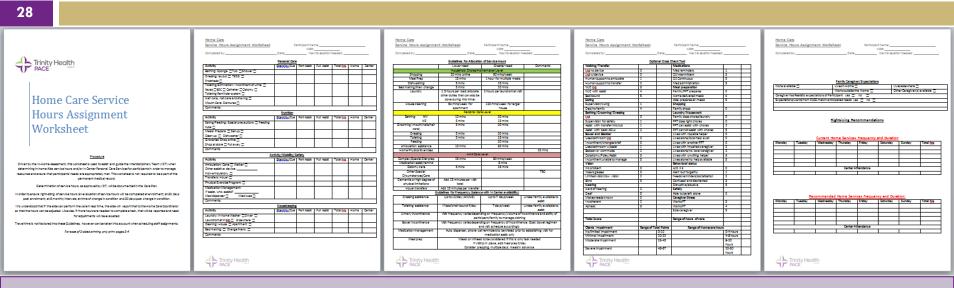
	July	August	September	October	November
Expenses Actual PMPM	\$4,114.88	\$4,334.07	\$4,391.30	\$4,274.09	\$4,125.35
Expenses Budget PMPM	\$4,342.16	\$4,308.46	\$4,331.27	\$4,294.91	\$4,245.93
OT Hours/Month	1,010	1,237	1,210	1,215	1,140
OT Budget Hours/Month	835	835	808	835	808

Tool Development to Guide Resource Allocation Decisions

Uniform Tool Development

- □ Don't re-invent the wheel (aka steal with pride)
 - Give credit where due
- □ Engage key stakeholders for buy-in
- Follow up for value and need for modification
- Allay fears of eliminating individualization and creativity

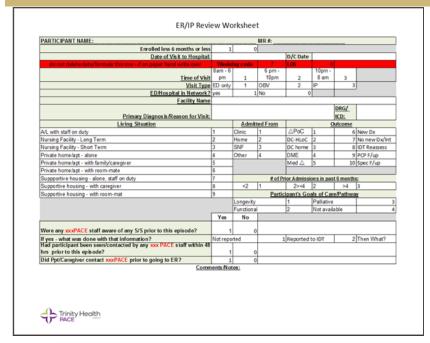
Examples (see Appendix)

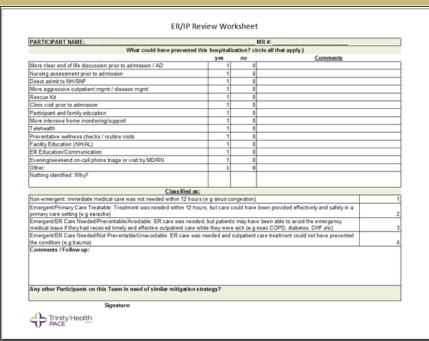


Team feedback indicated that these tools helped to justify and validate resource allocation decisions

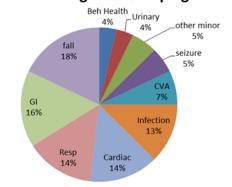
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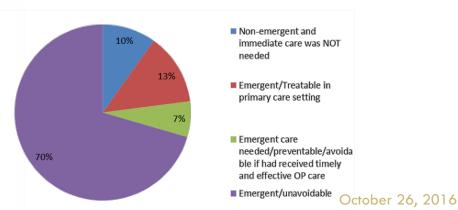
Examples (continued)





ER Visit Diagnosis Groupings





PACE Quality Performance

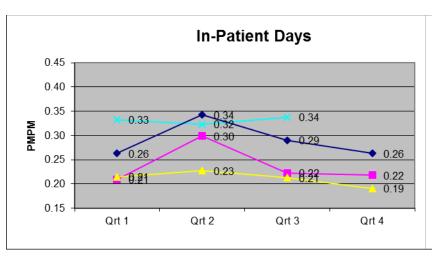
National PACE Quality Outcomes

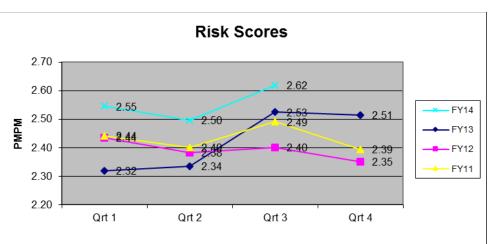
- □ Low disensellment
- High participant and family satisfaction
- ☐ High self-assessed quality of care, quality of life
- □ Reduced morbidity and mortality
- Reduced hospitalization, rehospitalization rates
- □ Reduced ER use

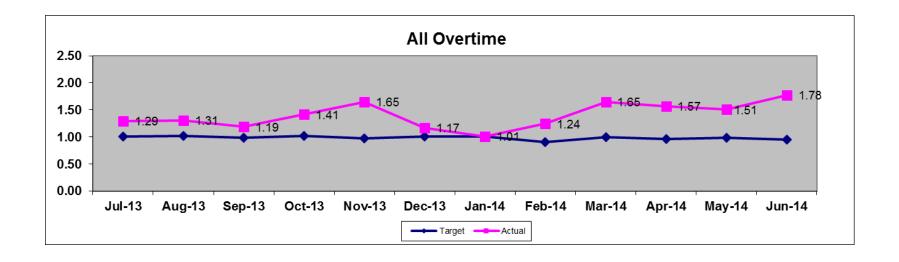


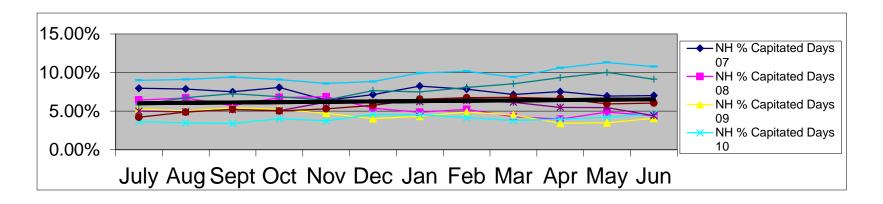
Utilization Review Key Component Graph Example

- □ Each area of review can then be graphed to see a visual of trends over time
- Inpatient Days and Comparative Risk Score Analysis
 Graphs (as a PMPM) Example









Case Study Example

Kissito Healthcare

Kissito Healthcare Background

- □ PACE program in Roanoke, Virginia
- □ Began in November of 2013
- □ Enrollment at time of engagement was 88
- Leadership seeking accurate demand analysis to inform financial pro forma and utilization projections

Background of Engagement

□ Market Assessment

- Map service area
- Project PACE demand by age cohort and ZIP code
- Create density map calculations: 2016 and 2021
- Calculate penetration rates
- Project future enrollment targets

Financial Pro Forma and Utilization Benchmarking

- Develop 5-year pro forma based on current costs and utilizations
- Produce select financial and utilization indicators compared to industry benchmarks
- Map revenue and expenses in appropriate categories for utilization management
- Compare utilization to national PMPM trends for monthly analysis and budget management

Utilization and Expense Management Based on Growth Projections

- PACE demand analysis showed a maximum likely enrollment of 165
- PACE center capacity would limit enrollment to 102 unless average daily attendance could be adjusted
 - Average daily attendance was 2.87 compared to PACE benchmark average of 2.16
- Three financial scenarios created to help Kissito PACE understand their financial opportunities depending on enrollment and daily attendance
 - Net 2 enrollees per month (average over review period) and maximum enrollment of 102, 130, and 165

165

43% of costs variable to patient care utilization

Expense Category	PMPM Cost	% of Cost
Administrative & General	\$872	16%
PACE Center	\$803	15%
Home Care	\$661	12%
Hospital Services	\$608	11%
Nursing Home/Housing	\$579	11%
Pharmacy	\$570	11%
Transportation	\$303	6%
Specialist/Diagnostics	\$298	6%
Facility	\$174	3%
Therapy	\$169	3%
Social Services	\$113	2%
Meals	\$112	2%
DME/Supplies	\$95	2%

Kissito PACE PMPM Expense Benchmark Comparison: 165 Enrollees Example

	KISSI		SITO	TO National Benchmark				Regional Benchmark					
Category	FY	TD Actual	F	Year 5 Projected		Median	V	ariance	Variance %	Median	Vo	ariance	Variance %
Transportation	\$	441	\$	308	\$	401	\$	92	23%	\$ 397	\$	89	22%
Meals	\$	137	\$	159	\$	134	\$	(25)	-19%	\$ 108	\$	(51)	-48%
Social Services	\$	101	\$	100	\$	121	\$	21	18%	\$ 139	\$	39	28%
Therapy	\$	205	\$	209	\$	201	\$	(8)	-4%	\$ 305	\$	96	32%
Adult Day	\$	230	\$	156	\$	404	\$	247	61%	\$ 509	\$	353	69%
Home Care	\$	294	\$	196	\$	536	\$	340	64%	\$ 644	\$	448	70%
Pharmacy	\$	659	\$	659	\$	694	\$	35	5%	\$ 750	\$	91	12%
Primary Care	\$	727	\$	582	\$	537	\$	(45)	-8%	\$ 691	\$	109	16%
Specialists	\$	543	\$	586	\$	356	\$	(229)	-64%	\$ 238	\$	(348)	-146%
Labs/Diagnostics	\$	39	\$	43	\$	57	\$	14	24%	\$ 112	\$	69	61%
Nursing Home	\$	416	\$	374	\$	522	\$	148	28%	\$ 433	\$	59	14%
Hospital	\$	1,169	\$	1,290	\$	667	\$	(623)	-93 %	\$ 785	\$	(505)	-64%
Housing	\$	75	\$	185	\$	122	\$	(62)	-51%	\$ 183	\$	(2)	-1%
Administrative	\$	1,034	\$	712	\$	787	\$	76	10%	\$ 661	\$	(50)	-8%
Marketing	\$	95	\$	73	\$	58	\$	(15)	-25%	\$ 51	\$	(23)	-45%
Insurance	\$	84	\$	76	\$	39	\$	(37)	-94 %	\$ 30	\$	(46)	-155%
Facility	\$	149	\$	95	\$	212	\$	116	55%	\$ 342	\$	247	72%
DME/Supplies	\$	112	\$	124	\$	114	\$	(9)	-8%	\$ 187	\$	63	34%
Depreciation	\$	238	\$	101	\$	90	\$	(12)	-13%	\$ 81	\$	(20)	-24%
Interest	\$	56	\$	26									
Total	\$	6,805	\$	6,054	\$	6,875	\$	822	12%	\$ 6,645	\$	591	9%

Source: HDG analysis/methodology

Kissito PACE Expense Analysis

- Meals and transportation expenses directly based on higher than benchmark center attendance
 - 2.87 average days per week versus 2.16 national benchmark
- Major opportunity for higher level of control over patient care costs, specifically specialists and hospital expenses
- Administrative expenses higher than expected
 - Working to bring these more closely in alignment with national and regional benchmarks will be important
- Marketing expenses can be more focused based on demand analysis
- Corporate staff will review insurance expense to look for opportunities for savings



Kissito PACE Key Findings and Process Improvement Resulting from PMPM Analysis

Goal to achieve a higher level of control over patient care costs, specifically specialists and hospital expenses:

- □ Establish care manager for utilization review
- Enhance communication for partner facilities through this liaison/navigator point of contact



Kissito PACE Process Improvement Initiative: Implement Utilization Review Process

- Review all inpatient admissions for medical necessity and level of care through use of Interqual and evidence-based guidance
- Utilization reviews conducted within 24 hours of admission
- Continued stay reviews performed daily and as needed
- Communication with the hospital care managers has become a streamlined process

 Utilization care manager communicates with the liaison/navigation care manager to discuss potential discharges or identified barriers associated with a potential discharge

Kissito PACE Process Improvement Initiative: Streamline Communications

- Liaison/Navigation care manager acts as a resource for the hospital discharge
- Enhanced relationship with hospitalists and PACE medical director, which has reduced specialists consults
- Serves as one-point contact and HUB for discharge process
- Manages routine discharge planning,
 referral notification to follow-up services;
 SNF/HH/LTC/ALF & clinic notification;
 follow-up with facilities

Kissito PACE Process Improvement Initiative: Implement Daily Progress Updates

- □ Care manager provides interdisciplinary team with:
 - Daily update on all inpatient participants
 - Weekly update for all participants residing in a facility
- Update targets changes in level of care, potential harms, and identified needs

Kissito PACE Process Improvement Outcomes Following Financial Analysis

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Inpatient Expenses

Reduction in month over month expenses from May to September
 by over \$500 PMPM

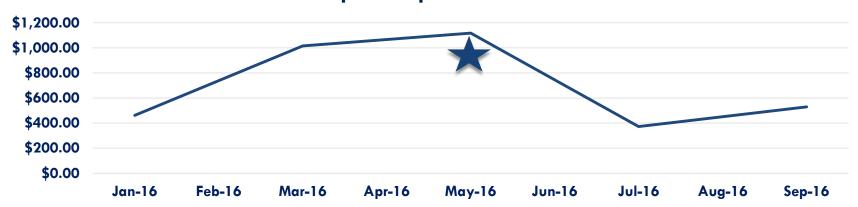
Hospitalization Expenses

Reduction in month over month expenses from May to September
 by over \$550 PMPM

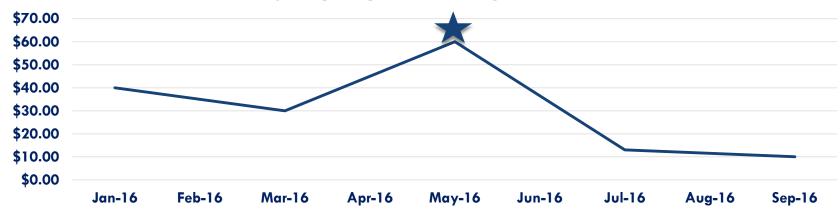
Emergency Room Expenses

Reduction in emergency room expenses from May to September
 by over \$50 PMPM

Hospital Expenses PMPM



Emergency Department Expenses PMPM



Questions & Discussion



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For More Information

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50 Appendix



Home Care Service Hours Assignment Worksheet

Procedure

Driven by the In-Home Assessment, this worksheet is used to assist and guide the Interdisciplinary Team (IDT) when determining in-home Aide service hours and/or In Center Personal Care Services for participants in order to manage resources and ensure that participants' needs are appropriately met. This worksheet is not required to be a part of the permanent medical record.

Determination of service hours, as approved by IDT, will be documented in the Care Plan.

In order to ensure right-sizing of service hours an evaluation of service hours will be completed at enrollment; at 30 days post enrollment; at 6 monthly intervals; at time of change in condition and 30 days post change in condition.

It is understood that if the aide can perform the care in less time, the aide will report that to the Home Care Coordinator so that the hours can be adjusted. Likewise, if more hours are needed to complete a task, that will be reported and need for adjustments will be evaluated.

Travel time is not factored into these Guidelines, however can be taken into account when scheduling staff assignments.

Home Care Service Hours Assignment Worksheet Participant Name: MR#: Next Evaluation Needed: Completed by: Date: Personal Care Activity Stand by/Cue | Part Assist | Full Assist Total hrs Home Center Bathing: Sponge □Tub □Shower □ Dressing: layout □ TEDS □ Prosthesis Toileting/Elimination: Incontinent of urine feces ☐ BSC ☐ Catheter ☐ Ostomy ☐ Toileting Reminder system Hair care, nail care and shaving Mouth Care: Dentures Comments: Nutrition Activity Stand by/Cue Part Assist Full Assist Total hrs Home Center Eating/Feeding: Special precautions

Feeding tube 🗌 Meals: Prepare

Set up Clean up

Dishwasher Groceries: Shop online Shop at store
Put away Comments Activity/Mobility/Safety Activity Stand by/Cue Part Assist | Full Assist Total hrs Home Center Ambulation: Cane
Walker Other assistive device: Non-ambulatory Transfers: Hoyer Physical Exercise Program: Medication Management: If assist, who assists? Med dispenser Med cues Comments: Housekeeping Activity Stand by/Cue Part Assist Full Assist Total hrs Home Center Laundry: in home Washer □ Dryer □ Laundromat in blg ☐ Elsewhere ☐ Cleaning: House

Apartment Bed making ☐ Change linens ☐



Comments:

Home Care

			_	_
Service	Hours	Assignment	·Works	heet

Participant Name:	
MR#:	
Nevt Eva	luation Needed:

Guidelines for Allocation of Service Hours

	Lower need	Greater need	Comments
	Household Chores/Ho		
Shopping	20 mins online	90 mins/week	
Meal Prep	15 mins	1 hour for multiple meals	
Dishwashing	5 mins	15 mins	
Bed making/linen change	5 mins	10 mins	
Laundry	1.5 hours per load (allocate other duties that can also be	2 hours per laundromat visit	
	done during this time)		
House cleaning	60 mins/week for	120 mins/week for larger	
	apartment	house	
	Personal Car	e Level	
Bathing AM	10 mins	20 mins	
HS	5 mins	15 mins	
Grooming (mouth/nails/hair	5 mins	20 mins	
care)	5 mins	20 mins	
Dressing			
Toileting	5 mins	15 mins	
Feeding		20 mins	
Ambulation assistance	10 mins	30 mins	
Home Physical Exercises			15 mins
	HHA Care I		
Complex/Special Diet prep	15 mins	90 mins/week	
Medication assist/remind		5 mins	
Ostomy care	5 mins	15 mins	
Other Special			TBD
Circumstances/Care			
Dementia or high degree of	Add 15 minutes per visit		
physical limitations	total		
Hoyer transfers	Add 15 minutes per transfer		

Guidelines for Frequency (balance with In Center availability)

Dressing assistance	Up to x2/day (AM/HS)	Up to 7 days/week	Unless family available to			
			assist			
Toileting assistance	If bed/chair bound 4/day	7 days/week	Unless family available to			
			assist			
Urinary incontinence	Visit frequency varies depend	ling on frequency/volume of	incontinence and ability of			
	partic	ipant/family to manage clot	hing			
Bowel incontinence	Visit frequency varies depend	ling on frequency of incontir	nence. Goal: bowel regimen			
	a	nd visit schedule accordingly				
Medication management	Auto dispenser, phone cal	reminders to be trialed price	or to establishing visit for			
		medication assist only				
Meal prep	Meals on Wheels	to be considered if this is or	nly task needed			
	If visit(s) in place, add meal prep 2/day					
	Consider prepping multiple days' meals in advance					



Home Care

Completed by:____

Service	Hours	Assignment	Worksheet
		/ to big in in it is	

Participant Name:	
MR#:	
Next Evaluation Needed:	

Date:_

Walking/Transfer			Medications		
Ind no device	0		Med reminders	1	
Ind w/device	0		O2 intermittent	3	
Human support to ambulate	1		O2 Continuous	5	
Human support to transfer	2		Med administration	5	
W/C ind	3		Meal preparation		
W/C with assist	4		Family/PPT prepares	0	
Bed bound	5		Home delivered meals	0	
Eating			Aide prepares all meals	5	
Supervision/cuing	1		Shopping		
Dep/no family	4		Family shops	0	
Bathing/Grooming/Dressing			Laundry/Housework		
Ind	0		Family does chores/laundry	0	
Supervision for safety	1		PPT does light chores	0	
Assist with transfer into tub	1		PPT can assist with chores	2	
Assist with basic ADLs	2		PPT cannot assist with chores	5	
Bowel and Bladder			Lives with capable helper	0	
Uses bathroom ind	0		Lives alone/local help avail	0	
Incontinent/changes brief	0		Lives with another PPT	0	
Uses bathroom w/assist	1		Lives with impaired caregiver	2	
Bedpan or commode	2		Lives alone/no local caregiver	2	
Colostomy/Foley/Assist	3		Lives with unwilling helper	3	
Incontinent unable to manage	5		Lives alone/no help available	5	
Vision			Behavioral status		
No problem	0		A/O X 3	0	
Wears glasses	0		Alert but forgetful	1	
Limited vision/low vision	2		Needs reminders/socialization	2	
Blind	5		Confused and disoriented	3	
Hearing			Disruptive/abusive	5	
Hard of hearing	2		Safety		
Deaf	5		Able to be left alone	0	
Makes needs known	0		Caregiver Stress		
Incoherent	2		Works PT	3	
Aphasic	3		Works FT	4	
			Sole caregiver	5	
Total Score			Range of hours of care		
Clients Impairment	Range of Tot	tal Points	Range of Homecare hou	ırs	
No/limited impairment		0-10		0-4 hours	
Minimal impairment		10-22		4-8 hours	
Moderate impairment		23-45		8-20	
				hours	
Severe impairment		46-67		20-30	
				hours	1



Home Care		
Service Hours Assignment Works	sheet Particip	ant Name:
		MR#:
Completed by:	Date:	Next Evaluation Needed:
	Family Caregiver/Expectation	nne
None available	Lives in Home	Lives elsewhere
Notic available	Works outside the Home	Other Caregiver(s) available
Caregiver has Realistic expectations of Par		Other caregiver(s) available
Expectations/wants from PACE match ant	icipated needs yes 🗀 no L	

Rightsizing Recommendations

Current Home Services Frequency and Duration

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total hrs		
	Center Attendance								

Recommended Home Services Frequency and Duration:

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total hrs	
Center Attendance								





Trinity Health PACE Long Term Nursing Home Placement Evaluation Tool

Instructions: 1. All IDT members are to sign 2. Answer all questions and include free text in comments sections

Process/Question	Comments
Evaluation requested by:	
☐ Family member	
☐ IDT member	
□ Other	
	Current support in Community failing, as evidenced by:
Define the issues surrounding the request for LT NHP:	Current support in Community failing, as evidenced by.
☐ Medical/Functional	
☐ Social/Housing	
☐ Caregiver Stress	
What are the participant's desires and/or the caregiver's Goals of Care? – Longevity/Functional/Palliative (consider code status, Advance Directive, etc) Have financial implications been discussed with participant and caregiver	Is the Plan of Care consistent with the goals?
Does participant wish to remain in the community?	Yes / No / NA
Does the participant have intellectual capacity to make medical decisions independently?	Yes / No / NA
Is Participant safe with Caregiver free to make choices?	Yes / No / NA
List previous/current interventions that have been activated to main maximized availability of these options? What could we do different	ntain participant in the community (i.e., homecare, respite, family meetings, etc.)? Describe impact. Have we ntly this time?

This document is not a part of the permanent medical record and is to be used as a worksheet only to support documentation placed in the record Adapted from Summit ElderCare, Worcester, Mass, Community LIFE Pittsburgh Nursing Home Placement Policy



Trinity Health PACE

Long Term Nursing Home Placement Evaluation Tool

			nene Evaluation 1001
1.	Is there a physical or mental condition requiring constant supervision outside the LIFE center with no hope of recovery and no caregiver?	Yes / No / NA	
2.	Is participant and/or caregiver concerned about personal safety?	Yes / No / NA	
3.	Can PACE/LIFE meet safety needs?	Yes / No / NA	
4.	Does the participant's behavior allow community care?	Yes / No / NA	Identify all current behavioral health concerns.
5.	If active behavior issues, does participant have a current behavioral plan?	Yes / No / NA	
6.	Uncontrollable disruptive behavior including uncontrollable wandering?	Yes / No / NA	
7.	If supervision is needed, can it be met in the community? If so, how?	Yes / No / NA	
8.	Any medication management interventions recommended?	Yes / No / NA	
9.	Does participant have a condition that requires skilled care 24 hours per day/7 days per week?	Yes / No / NA	Specify reasons 24/7 skilled care is necessary.
10.	Can required medical care and skilled nursing needs be met in the community?	Yes / No / NA	
11.	Can mobility and transfer needs be met in the community? Has participant or family trialed equipment to meet mobility and transfer needs?	Yes / No / NA	Identify DME needs, including home modifications that could support home safely remaining in the home.
12.	Has there been a change in the participant's ability to care for himself/herself? If so, how?	Yes / No / NA	
13.	Has there been a change in the caregiver's ability to provide care?	Yes / No / NA	Indicate if change is permanent and describe how caregiver's ability to provide care has changed.
14.	Has the caregiver been offered education and support services? If yes, were they helpful?	Yes / No / NA	

PARTICIPANT NAME AND SITE:



Trinity Health PACE

Long Term Nursing Home Placement Evaluation Tool

15.	If necessary, have alternative caregivers been sought?	Yes / No / NA						
16.	Can personal hygiene needs be met in the community?	Yes / No / NA	Identify barriers to meeting personal hygiene needs in the community.					
17.	Is there an ongoing need for more than 8 hours of personal care	Yes / No / NA	If so, indicate specific personal care tasks and amount of hours					
	per day in the home?		required/provided.					
18.	Does participant have an ERS?	Yes / No / NA						
19.	Can we provide Meals on Wheels?	Yes / No / NA						
20.	Can we increase Day Center hours?	Yes / No / NA						
21.	Have respite days been offered/provided?	Yes / No / NA						
22.	Can we offer any other external supports through community services?	Yes / No / NA						
	Eg Mental Health services, religious affiliations, weekend day center,							
	Alzheimer's programs							
23.	Is a Transitional Housing/Shared Aide Service option available?	Yes / No / NA						
	Needs to be able to physically and cognitively call out for help							
	Transfer status 2 person assist or less							
	No wander risk							
	Time interval between visits 3 hours or more deemed safe							
-	DATICE AND THERE ANY OREGISTS SAFETY/CAREGIVED DURYOUT COVISIONS TO BE ADDRESSED BY ATER TO							

PAUSE: ARE THERE ANY SPECIFIC SAFETY/CAREGIVER BURNOUT CONSIDERATIONS TO BE ADDRESSED RELATED TO UNMANAGEBALE/PERSISTENT: WANDERING AT NIGHT; ELOPEMENT AT NIGHT; NIGHT FALLS; FECAL INCONTINENCE. Is there any other solution?

Other concerns/Possible Solutions:



Trinity Health PACE Long Term Nursing Home Placement Evaluation Tool

Date R	eviewed by IDT:	List prominent factors contributing to IDT decision:
Reviev	wed by Executive Director:	
IDT D	ecision:	
	LTNHP Approved	1.
_ I	LTNHP Denied – remain in the community	2.
_ I	LTNHP Denied – trial in Transitional Housing	3.
	Restrictive Environment Decisions:	
1.	Remain in the Community with additional service supports	
2.	If, after fully evaluating the above questions and options it available)	is determined that remaining in the community is not appropriate, consider Transitional Housing (when
3.	If deemed inappropriate for LTNHP and community service Home discuss voluntary disensollment option	ces offered are not accepted, Participant/Caregiver chooses placement, or requests out-of network Nursing

IDT Member Title	Signature	IDT Member Title	Signature

PARTICIPANT NAME AND SITE: _

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ER/IP Review Worksheet

PARTICIPANT NAME: MR #:							
Enrolled less 6 months or less	1	0					
Date of Visit to Hospital:		•	•	D/C Date			
do not delete data/formula this row - if on paper hand write over	Week	day code	7	LOS	0		
	8am - 6		6 pm -		10pm -		
Time of Visit	pm	1	10pm	2	8 am	3	
Visit Type		1	OBV	2	IP	3	
ED/Hospital in Network?	yes	1	No	0			
Facility Name							
						DRG/	
Primary Diagnosis/Reason for Visit:						ICD:	
<u>Living Situation</u>			ted From		<u> </u>	<u>utcome</u>	
A/L with staff on duty	1	Clinic	1	△PoC	1		New Dx
Nursing Facility - Long Term	2	Home	2	DC-HLoC	2		No new Dx/Int
Nursing Facility - Short Term	3	SNF	3	DC home	3	8	IDT Reassess
Private home/apt - alone	4	Other	4	DME	4	9	PCP F/up
Private home/apt - with family/caregiver	5			Med \triangle	5	10	Spec F/up
Private home/apt - with room-mate	6						
Suppportive housing - alone, staff on duty	7		# of Pr	ior Admission	ons in pas	t 6 months	<u>s:</u>
Supportive housing - with caregiver	8	<2	1	2><4	2	>4	3
Supportive housing - with room-mat	9		<u>Partic</u>	ipant's Goa	ls of Car	e/Pathwa	Y
		Longevity 1		1	Palliative		3
		Functional	I	2	Not avail	able	4
	Yes	No					
Were any xxxPACE staff aware of any S/S prior to this episode?	1	0					
If yes - what was done with that information?	Not repo	rted	1	Reported t	to IDT	2	Then What?
Had participant been seen/contacted by any xxx PACE staff within 48		_					
hrs prior to this episode?	1	0					
Did Ppt/Caregiver contact xxxPACE prior to going to ER?	1	0					

Comments/Notes:



ER/IP Review Worksheet

PARTICIPANT NAME:			MR #:			
What could have prevented this hospitalization? circle all that apply.)						
	yes	no	<u>Comments</u>			
More clear end of life discussion prior to admission / AD	1	0				
Nursing assessment prior to admission	1	0				
Direct admit to NH/SNF	1	0				
More aggressive outpatient mgmt / disease mgmt	1	0				
Rescue Kit	1	0				
Clinic visit prior to admission	1	0				
Participant and family education	1	0				
More intensive home monitoring/support	1	0				
Telehealth	1	0				
Preventative wellness checks / routine visits	1	0				
Facility Education (NH/AL)	1	0				
ER Education/Communication	1	0				
Evening/weekend on-call phone triage or visit by MD/RN	1	0				
Other:	1	0				
Nothing identified: Why?						
Classified as:						
Non-emergent: immediate medical care was not needed within 12 hours (e	.g sinus c	ongestion)		1		
Emergent/Primary Care Treatable: Treatment was needed within 12 hours,	but care	could have	been provided effectively and safely in a			
primary care setting (e.g earache)				2		
Emergent/ER Care Needed/Preventable/Avoidable: ER care was needed, by						
medical issue if they had received timely and effective outpatient care while	_			3		
Emergent/ER Care Needed/Not Preventable/Unavoidable: ER care was ne the condition (e.g trauma)	eded and	outpatient	care treatment could not have prevented	4		
Comments / Follow up:				- 4		
Comments / Follow up.						
Any other Participants on this Team in need of similar mitigation strat	eav2					
Any other Participants on this Team in need of Similar mitigation strat	egy:					

Signature:



ER/IP Review Worksheet

PARTICIPANT NAME:	MR #:	
	ADDITIONAL NOTES:	

